

EYE WITNESS
BARES ALL IN
DUAL MURDER

Affidavit Kept Secret by Prosecutor, Describes Jersey Shooting.

GRAND JURY TAKES UP INVESTIGATION

Beekman, Excited, Refuses to Confirm or Deny Indictments.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Oct. 20.—An eye-witness to the murder of the Rev. Edward Wheeler Hall and his choir singer, Mrs. Eleanor R. Mills, has made an affidavit in which is described the shooting of the couple on the Phillips farm on the night of Thursday, September 14. This affidavit, which is in the hands of Prosecutor Beekman, is the backbone of the State's case, which is rapidly nearing a climax.

It is reported the witness to the tragedy is a woman of reputable character, that her accusation involves more than one person and the only reason the authorities hesitate in making an arrest is because they lack positive identification of the slayers.

Indictments Forecast.

Definite action toward lifting the veil over the mystery again appeared imminent tonight. It was stated authoritatively a special session of the Somerset County grand jury would be called for Monday morning and that indictments would be drawn Sunday charging New Brunswick woman and a male relative with the murder.

The indictments, it was declared, will be based on the testimony of a woman who has not yet appeared publicly for the case.

Meantime interest centers in reports that E. K. Soper, who says he saw an old-fashioned, high-bodied, dark-colored automobile standing in the "murder" lane about the time Dr. Hall and Mrs. Mills were murdered, will be called tomorrow to view an old machine owned by Charles Carpenter, a cousin of Mrs. Hall.

Soper says that in the car he saw were a woman with a light coat and a man. He declared he would be able to recognize it if he saw it again. His wife, however, who was with him at the time, said she would not be able to identify the machine positively and expressed doubts that her husband could.

Much credence is now given to the theory that a woman who was "interested in the work of the church of which Hall was pastor, was the innocent cause of the murder.

The story goes that this woman saw Mrs. Mills put a love missive in the church stove, which was fired in summer and was used as a "postoffice" by the minister and his "wonder heart"; that the woman took the letter out of the stove and read it and turned it over to a third person. It is believed that following the revelation of the love affair, the person into whose hands the letter had fallen followed Hall and Mrs. Mills to the Phillips farm and there confronted them with the evidence of their guilt—that a quarrel ensued, ending in the double murder.

The woman who discovered the secret romance through the seizure of the letter has gone into hiding to escape being brought into the inquiry.

Probe Removal of Papers.

Authorities are endeavoring to clear up the tangled web of the alleged removal of papers and letters from the desk of the minister the day the bodies were found. Edwin R. Carpenter, a cousin of Mrs. Hall, known as "Teddy," was questioned a few days after the tragedy regarding a report that he was seen removing letters from the Hall home a few hours after the discovery of the bodies. Carpenter denied the charge, saying he was away from the home of the minister, explaining he had taken to the undertaker clothes and vestments in which Dr. Hall was buried.

Mrs. Addison Clarke explained that the package she removed from the church on the day the bodies were found contained vestments of the minister.

Conflicting statements were interpreted by "Teddy" Carpenter.

"I took Dr. Hall's clothes and some of his vestments from the house and stepped by the home of Mrs. Clarke and I went to the Phillips farm, got the rest of the vestments and took them to the undertaker."

This statement, in turn, is contradicted by Miss Millie Ople. Charlotte Mills corroborates the statement of Mrs. Ople.

Jimmie Mills pathetically declared today that he would have told aside, had he known that his wife preferred another man.

"If I had known that Eleanor and Dr. Hall were in love," said the little church sexton, "he could have had her, and I would have stood aside."

This murder could have been avoided.

Presidential Painter Dies.

BRAINERD, Minn., Oct. 20.—Col. Freeman Thorpe, 78 years old, internationally known portrait painter of Presidents from Lincoln down to the work hanks in the Capitol at Washington and many State capitols, died here today.

THE BIENNIAL TUG OF WAR IS NOW ON.—By J. N. Darling.



DAUGHERTY AIMS TO HELP BUSINESS KEEP WITHIN LAW

Favors Federal Agency to Supervise Plans of Big Concerns.

Attorney General Daugherty is not going to be destructive in the application of the anti-trust laws to business.

The Attorney General intends to go after business which deliberately seeks to get around the law, but he is not going to prosecute business men who make an honest effort to do the right thing. If, perchance, they infringe unwittingly upon the law.

Mr. Daugherty favors the creation of a governmental agency to advise and supervise the activities of business organizations. By establishing machinery to pass on plans of organized business concerns he believes that American producers will be enabled legitimately to strengthen and extend their markets.

"Business has a conscience," Attorney General Daugherty says in a statement written for "The Nation's Business," published by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. "Business as a whole is inherently honest, and so long as I am Attorney General I am not going to unnecessarily harass men who unwittingly run counter to the statutes."

Defining the government's attitude toward violations of the Sherman anti-trust law, Mr. Daugherty says: "It can be said that it has been the policy of the Department of Justice since I became Attorney General to try to settle and clear up the law in regard to violations of the Sherman anti-trust law, in order that American business may know as accurately as possible what it can and what it cannot do that might or might not be considered a violation of the law."

The government does not want to be a muckraker, nor does it desire to interfere with legitimate business. On the contrary, it desires to help legitimate business in every legitimate way."

WALLACE REID SERIOUSLY ILL

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 20.—Wallace Reid, famous screen star, has suffered a severe nervous collapse and is seriously ill at a mountain resort. The exact nature of his illness was not made known but it is said he suffered a stroke of paralysis.

At Reid's home, while it was admitted he is in a serious condition, secrecy is maintained as to the exact nature of the illness which caused reports in Hollywood that he is near death.

BANDITS KILL 8 NEAR MEXICO CITY

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 20.—A large band of Mexican bandits raided Tizapala, a suburb of Mexico City, today, terrorizing the residents. Eight citizens were reported killed.

The bandits with guns and revolvers drawn, rode through the streets and broke into homes and factories, looting them of money and valuables. Residents of nearby suburbs are terror-stricken and are arming to protect themselves against further raids.

U.S. Forces Quit Haiti Today By Terms of Pact

State Department Sanctions Provisional Government Control.

Evacuation of Haiti by the American forces of occupation begins today, with the installation of a provisional government, the State Department has announced.

The provisional government will be installed by a proclamation to be issued by Rear Admiral Samuel S. Robinson, military governor of the Dominican Republic.

This has been made possible through the plan of evacuation, tentatively agreed to here June 30 last, which has now been formally agreed to by the United States and by a commission of the Dominican people.

The provisional government shall promulgate "legislation to regulate the holding of elections, to provide for the reorganization of the provincial and municipal governments."

STOLEN BOND BAND ROUTED IN WEST

Indictments in Twin Cities Hold 26 Bankers and Brokers for Sales.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 20.—Indictments against twenty-six prominent St. Paul and Minneapolis bankers, bond salesmen and brokers by the Federal grand jury in session at Minneapolis today, revealed the twin cities to be headquarters of a national ring for disposal of stolen bonds.

The action of the Federal body first came to public knowledge with the arrest last night of Stanley W. McCormick, vice president of Stevens and Company, defunct Minneapolis brokers, and his wife. Federal operatives were today serving warrants in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Investigation by the Federal grand jury this week revealed that \$2,000,000 of the bonds stolen in the New York mail robbery in October, last year, and \$1,500,000 taken in the Chicago depot robbery last November, which resulted in the conviction of "Big Tim" Murphy, as well as securities taken in other robberies were brought to the Twin Cities for disposal.

MILLS BOOST PAY TO ATTRACT LABOR

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 20.—So acute is the situation resulting from the shortage of common labor in steel mills that operators of big steel concerns in the Pittsburgh-Youngstown-Wheeling district will advance the wages for that class of labor 10 per cent, effective November 1, it is reliably reported here.

The shortage is so acute, it is said that steel mills are operating at only 75 per cent capacity, whereas, they would be working at 90 per cent if sufficient labor could be obtained.

Because of higher wages being paid for this class of work by mine operators and railroads, many laborers have left the mills.

Police magistrates are offering prisoners their choice between going to work in the mills or going to jail.

M'NALLY TWINS NEVER EXISTED, COURT DECIDES

Murder Charges Against Woman Dismissed as State's Case Fails.

HAMMOND, Ind., Oct. 20.—Mrs. Hazel McNally late this afternoon was expected after the State had failed to find the children, or their bodies, had failed to prove the manner of their alleged death, had failed to prove there had been any deaths and there was no course open but to dismiss the defendant.

Whereupon Mrs. McNally, at tempted to stand up and thank the court, but keeled over in a dead faint.

The dramatic ending of the case was expected after the State had made known that the defense had three surprise witnesses who would have torn holes in the flimsy case made by the State.

One of these was a physician who operated on Mrs. McNally and was ready to testify that it was a physical impossibility for her to become a mother. Another witness would have testified that Mrs. McNally's 7-year-old son is an adopted child and a third witness would have explained her mania for borrowing dolls and pretending they were her own children.

Frank McNally, the 55-year-old husband, again today stuck valiantly to his story that he had actually seen the babies, but that after his wife took them to Chicago, he had wheeled a pair of dolls on the streets, carried them to Chicago and back and helped keep up the deception, until the neighbors ridiculed him into starting the suit.

The Vatican addressed a letter to all parish priests recommending they take no part in politics.

(Copyright, 1922.)

PRESIDENT'S VACATION TRIP PREVENTED BY WIFE'S ILLNESS

Dr. Sawyer Orders Abandonment of White House Social Season.

Because of Mrs. Harding's condition, the President's long-deferred vacation trip will have to go by the board indefinitely, "by doctor's orders."

"While Mrs. Harding has been the patient requiring urgent corrective remedies during these last few weeks, President Harding himself requires preventive remedies."

"For this reason I have insisted that the President get out of doors every afternoon for a game of golf. I am working to restore his weakened resistance."

"No other man in the whole administration has worked as hard as the President. During the hot summer he had no time off at all. Every moment from the time he awoke until he went to sleep was taken up with interviews, messages, decisions and the like. Then, to cap the climax, Mrs. Harding's illness came along, and the President was torn between concern for his wife and his duty to his country. The strain was terrific."

(Copyright, 1922.)

PLOT TO KILL WIRTH AIRED IN REICHSTAG

Conservatives Laugh as Announcement of Coup Is Made.

MONARCHISTS SEEK TO GAIN CONTROL

Conspiracy Was General, Say Police, Who Make One Arrest.

BERLIN, Oct. 20.—Rumors that the German monarchists are planning a revolt against the republic have been current for several days and the police have been very active in running down leads. It is declared the uprising was to have been of a general character. The police are undertaking the most drastic measures.

They accidentally seized a letter today proving, they claim, the existence of a second known plot against the life of Chancellor Wirth. The first plot was announced in the Reichstag.

Herr Severing, Prussian Minister of the Interior, speaking in the Diet, charged that the so-called nationalistic offices were planning the formation of a "freedom party" aiming at a "freedom battle against France."

Threatened Force of Arms.

They threatened also, the minister charged, that should the government oppose the aims of the movement, the monarchists were prepared to proceed against the government with force of arms.

Herr Severing served warning on the reactionaries to avoid the launching of such a movement. He also announced the discovery of the plot formed by three young reactionaries during a tense scene of disorder in the Reichstag, where Wirth was sharply attacking the conservatives. The announcement, coming during the chancellor's speech, created general astonishment.

A heavy guard was placed around the Reichstag, and special protection has been given to Wirth. Relatives of one of the conspirators gave the secret to the police, and one arrest has been made.

Like Rathenau Murder.

The plot resembles the one which resulted in the assassination of Foreign Minister Rathenau several months ago, it is declared.

Some members of the Reichstag laughed outright at the announcement that a plot had been discovered, indicating they thought it a theatrical move staged by Wirth.

The chancellor, angry at the skeptical attitude of these members, took the floor and declared that one of the plotters had already confessed.

Communists and others on the left screamed: "You murderers!" at the disclosure of the plot. The right, referring to previous plots which have been charged to the conservatives, Wirth declared the conservatives are stirring up a storm of hate which the republic will soon be unable to subdue.

REPORT GASPARRI WILL BE REPLACED

ROME, Oct. 20.—According to reliable information, Cardinal Gasparri will be replaced as Secretary of State by Monsignor Pacelli, Papal nuncio to Berlin, after the next consistory, which probably will be held in February or March, when Monsignor Pacelli will be named cardinal.

The reason given for Cardinal Gasparri's resignation is a disagreement on political questions with part of the College of Cardinals, in his support of so-called "Germanism," which was the leadership of a Sicilian priest, developed into great proportion in 1921, electing 100 deputies to the Italian chamber. Cardinal Gasparri also has been working for reconciliation between the Vatican and Italy.

The Vatican addressed a letter to all parish priests recommending they take no part in politics.

(Copyright, 1922.)

BRITISH TEAR DOWN BOLSHEVIKS' FLAG

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 20.—A diplomatic incident developed last night when a British colonel and two other officers took the Red flag from the Bolshevik mission here. The Russians refused to comply with the demand to take down the flag, whereupon the British officers took it down.

M. Sabatoff, chief of the Red mission, has threatened to demand passports unless satisfaction is given. Today the Bolshevik flag was restored. Gen. Harrington disavows the act, but the Bolsheviks are demanding an apology.

(Copyright, 1922.)

Fight to Finish on Bonus Urges Commander Owsley

New Head of Legion Will Push Rehabilitation, Hospitalization and Americanization—W. B. Miller, of Washington, Vice Commander.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 20.—Mounted on a figurative "old gray mare," Alvin M. Owsley, of the Lone Star Legion, rode through the American Legion Hall here today and was installed on the platform as national commander for the forthcoming year.

The young major from Denton, Texas, outdistanced his competitors early in the balloting, and when the end came was more than 300 votes ahead of the other candidates. Watson B. Miller, of Washington, D. C., was elected one of the five vice commanders.

"There are just four things that the legion means to push," said Alvin M. Owsley. "They are rehabilitation, hospitalization, adjustment, compensation and Americanization. We're going to fight for the adjusted compensation to a finish and we'll win it, too. I will give everything we have to this service."

A roar greeted the reference to the bonus.

Recruited Texas Battalion.

Owsley, who is 33 years old, is one of the most popular soldiers ever honored with the biggest job of the legion. His Texas boosters have started the ball rolling and tonight the delegates are singing his name at the top of their voices. His right arm is nearly paralyzed from handshaking, his voice is hoarse, and his back is weary from many seamy slaps of congratulation.

Owsley is an attorney. He resigned a position as a district attorney in Texas at the outbreak of the war and recruited a battalion in northern Texas. After serving as division insurance officer and adjutant instructor for the third "officers' course," he was elected national commander.

Continued on Page Five.

ALLIED CONTROL OF GERMAN FINANCE URGED BY FRANCE

Head of Reparations Commission Proposes Dictatorship in Berlin.

PARIS, Oct. 20.—Proposals by France for strict control of Germany's finances, so far reaching as to place that nation in the position of a virtual bankrupt, have been presented to the reparations commission by Louis Barthou, the new chairman of that commission.

The French plan comprehends:

1. Germany's finances under allied control.
2. A balanced German budget.
3. German treasury forbidden to discount any bonds to the Reichsbank and required to place all internal loans under allied control.

The French memorandum states that the question of German payments for 1923 and 1924 is one that concerns the allied governments and not the reparations commission. It is suggested that the guaranties commission be moved to Berlin and be directed to fix the maximum amount Germany may spend and the minimum amount she may collect in taxes.

This plan, which means an allied dictatorship over German fiscal affairs, is viewed as entirely impractical in British quarters.

The British believe that Germany is running straight into bankruptcy while the French believe in showing bad faith and attempting to commit suicide on France's doorstep.

FOREIGN SHIP DRY RULE UP TO COURT AS RESPITE ENDS

Secretary Mellon Delays Enforcements Acts, Pending Injunction.

The promulgation by Secretary of the Treasury Mellon of enforcement regulations regarding possession and sale of liquor on the high seas and in the three-mile limit now depends entirely upon the decision of Federal Judge Learned Hand on the permanent injunction application of foreign shippers in New York.

Should Judge Hand issue a permanent injunction in favor of the foreign ship owners, enforcement of the Daugherty ruling, except in so far as it applies to American vessels, will be impracticable until the Supreme Court renders a decision in the matter. This is the opinion of J. J. Britt, general counsel for the prohibition unit.

Grace Period Ends.

Washington officials, therefore, are awaiting the ruling of the New York judge with much interest. The seven days of grace granted by Prohibition Commissioner Haynes, pending the outcome of the New York hearings, end at midnight tonight. Whether foreign ships are permitted to carry liquor into American territory after that time without interference, hangs solely upon Judge Hand, prohibition officials declared.

Meanwhile, however, the prohibition unit in conjunction with the customs officials are continuing the work of drafting regulations. A final draft will be submitted to Secretary Mellon tomorrow.

It is anticipated of possible rejection of the injunction application. Should the Hand ruling favor the Daugherty opinion, it is expected that the regulations will be put in effect at once.

Insane Possessions Free.

If the regulations are announced, they will not apply to the prohibition of liquor on foreign vessels putting in at American insular possessions, however. This was announced by Secretary of War Weeks following today's Cabinet meeting, which was given over in part to discussion of the liquor situation. It was decided that this phase should be determined by the Supreme Court before application of the ruling to insular possessions. Secretary Weeks said.

It has been indicated that the actual enforcement of the Daugherty ruling is to be entrusted to customs officials, backed by the prohibition unit, rather than by the prohibition unit primarily.

CAPT. ROSENBLUTH IS FREED ON BAIL

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Capt. Robert Rosenbluth, charged with a Federal grand jury at Tacoma, Wash., with the murder of Maj. Alexander P. Cronkhite, at Camp Lewis, Wash., four years ago, was released in bail of \$40,000 today.

Felix M. Warburg, the banker, went bail for Capt. Rosenbluth. He put up his home at 1109 Fifth avenue, assessed at more than \$400,000, as security.

ORDERS REMINGTON TO CALL ELECTION

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The Remington Typewriter Company must hold a new election of officers for this year, in compliance with a decision handed down today by the appellate division of the Supreme Court.

The election, held at the company's plant in Ilion, N. Y., on April 18, was protested by James F. Carney, leader of the opposition to the "Old Guard" in the organization.

A lower court had decided the election was valid but the appellate division reversed the decision.

(Copyright, 1922.)

LLOYD GEORGE STARTS FIGHT TO 'COME BACK'

"Sword Is in My Hand," With Burden Off Shoulders, He Tells Crowd.

BONAR LAW ADDS TO NEW CABINET

Roster Indicates Conservative Tone on Return to Good Old Days.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—Like an old trooper hitting the road with the hopeful expectation of returning soon to "big time," David Lloyd George has started to fight his way back into the favor of the people. Walking briskly, smiling, obviously glad to be back in his old-time role of a free-lance campaigner, the little Welshman climbed aboard the train for Leeds, where he speaks tomorrow. A great cheering crowd was met in Downing Street to see him off on his campaign to "come back."

Crowd Holds up Train.

"We expect you back soon," someone shouted and a loud yell went up as the smiling little man waved his hat in acknowledgment. At the station another crowd of loyal and vociferous followers pressed around the train and clamored for a speech. Once on the train Lloyd George got into his old-time rear-platform campaigning swing.

The crowd pressed around so eagerly that the train could not move. Finally Lloyd George yielded to the clamor.

"I am a free man, the burden is off my shoulders," he said, "and the sword is in my hand," he added emphatically.

Enters Battle to Win.

Lloyd George banged away on that last note again when the train stopped at Bedford.

"I'm glad to find there is no end of great hearts," he said, "and with these hearts that I am going into the battle to win."

Lloyd George, referring humorously to his new status, said he was now a "free man" and was no longer a "prisoner of war." He made another speech at a well-known hotel. Noting the presence of an old-time member of Parliament, Lloyd George referred to the battles they had fought together "for liberty and fair play."

Leaves Prince of Wales.

"It's the same old battle I'm fighting now, and I trust you will be behind me in fighting this battle for national interests and against mere party gain," he said.

Lloyd George received a great ovation today when he landed in the Prince of Wales in a speech at Guild Hall.

"Although I may cease to represent a good many people on a good many questions," he said, "with a question, 'on one question I am unalterably and my mind for every party: God bless the Prince of Wales!' Tremendous cheering followed."

Denounces Tory Hot Heads.

Lloyd George was greeted enthusiastically along the entire route. He declared he had not wavered, no such demonstration during his whole career.

At Sheffield he said the Conservatives had put their party first.

"The hot heads of the Tory party have thrown down the gauntlet against me. I intend to pick it up and fight a battle for the interests of the country."

He charged that those particular Tory hot heads, who had wrecked a political organization that had won the war, smashing the government just when a united front was bringing the country back to normal conditions.

Eager for "Good Old Days."

The spirit of a return to the "good old days," reminiscent of the 1920 campaign days across the Atlantic, dominates England in hailing the new government.

Lord Curzon, progressing with his cabinet, has decided to go to go before the King next Monday to formally advise His Majesty that he will head the new government. Preceding his audience with the King, the Unionists of both houses of Parliament will meet to formally elect Law as their leader.

It already is assured that Lord Curzon will be awarded the post of foreign minister; Lord Derby, minister of war; Lord Salisbury, president of the privy council; Stanley Baldwin, chancellor of the exchequer, and Col. Amery first lord of the admiralty.

Finlay for Lord Chancellor.

Lord Finlay is prominently mentioned for lord chancellor, Douglas Hogg as attorney general and Lord Peel as secretary of state for India.

The selection of a conservative tone such as would seem to forecast no dramatic changes in the British policy.

Whereas Lloyd George supervised the foreign office, Bonar Law will leave the administration of foreign affairs entirely in Curzon's hands.

No Changes in U. S. Relations.

It may be expected that Curzon will seek a closer rapprochement in regard to France, although Bonar Law, in a letter to the Times recently, hinted that Britain might adopt a policy of isolation unless France co-operated with her on the Continent.

Relations with the United States will not undergo the slightest change.

As for Ireland, it has been assumed from the outset that the new ministry would not change the Irish policy promulgated by the Lloyd George regime. It was made clear

Continued on Page Five.